



**FLUXUS G532CA** 

## Non-invasive ultrasonic volumetric flow rate measurement of compressed air

#### **Features**

- Non-invasive ultrasonic measurement of compressed air, technical and medical gases
- Integrated standard volumetric flow rate calculation, temperature and pressure compensated via process inputs
- Bidirectional measurement with flow direction detection and separate totalizers
- · Drift- and maintenance-free, since there is no measurement impairment due to moisture, dirt or oil
- Perfectly suitable for leakage monitoring by detecting the smallest flow velocities from 0.01 m/s
- Smart meter/IoT ready via Ethernet interface with corresponding IP data protocols (e.g. Modbus TCP)
- Sophisticated support software for parameterization, remote control, recording and automatic state diagnosis (FluxDiagReader, FluxDiag, Advanced Meter Verification)

#### **Applications**

- Energy management and leakage monitoring in compressed air networks
- Monitoring and consumption measurement of medical, pharmaceutical and technical clean gas
- Balancing and cost distribution
- Process optimization



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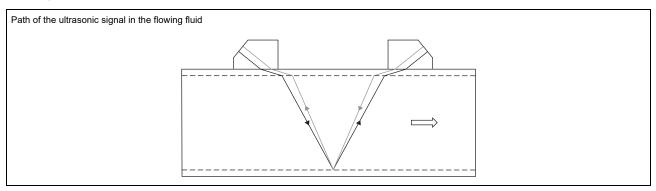
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#### **Function**

### Measurement principle

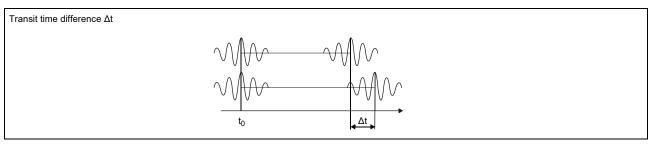
The transducers are mounted on the pipe which is completely filled with the fluid. The ultrasonic signals are emitted alternately by a transducer and received by the other. The physical quantities are determined from the transit times of the ultrasonic signals.



As the fluid where the ultrasound propagates is flowing, the transit time of the ultrasonic signal in flow direction is shorter than the one against the flow direction.

The transit time difference  $\Delta t$  is measured and allows the flowmeter to determine the average flow velocity along the propagation path of the ultrasonic signals. A flow profile correction is then performed in order to obtain the area averaged flow velocity, which is proportional to the volumetric flow rate.

The integrated microprocessors control the entire measuring cycle. The received ultrasonic signals are checked for measurement usability and evaluated for their reliability. Noise signals are eliminated.



### Calculation of volumetric flow rate

$$\dot{V} = k_{Re} \cdot A \cdot k_a \cdot \frac{\Delta t}{2 \cdot t_{\gamma}}$$

where

V - volumetric flow rate

k<sub>Re</sub> - fluid mechanic calibration factor

A - cross-sectional pipe area

ka - acoustic calibration factor

Δt - transit time difference

 $t_{\gamma}$  - average of transit times in the fluid

## Calculation of standard volumetric flow rate

The standard volumetric flow rate can be selected as physical quantity. It is calculated with the following formula:

$$\dot{V}_{N} = \dot{V} \cdot \frac{p}{p_{N}} \cdot \frac{T_{N}}{T} \cdot \frac{1}{K}$$

where

 $\dot{V}_N$  - standard volumetric flow rate

V - operating volumetric flow rate

p<sub>N</sub> - standard pressure (absolute value)

p - operating pressure (absolute value)

T<sub>N</sub> - standard temperature in K

T - operating temperature in K

K compressibility coefficient of gas: ratio of the compressibility factors of the gas at operating conditions and at standard conditions Z/Z<sub>N</sub>

### **Number of sound paths**

The number of sound paths is the number of transits of the ultrasonic signal through the fluid in the pipe. Depending on the number of sound paths, the following methods of installation exist:

#### · reflection arrangement

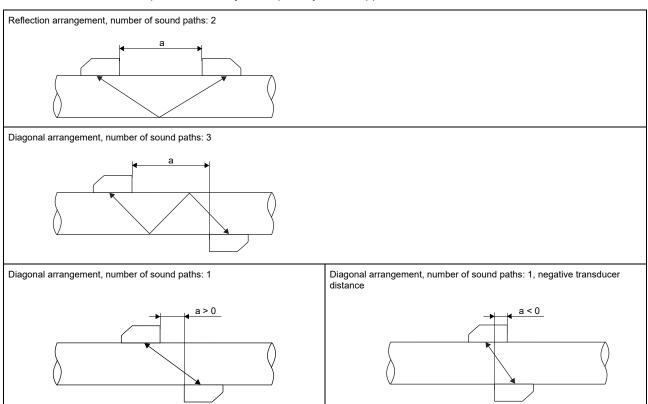
The number of sound paths is even. The transducers are mounted on the same side of the pipe. Correct positioning of the transducers is easy.

#### · diagonal arrangement

The number of sound paths is odd. The transducers are mounted on opposite sides of the pipe. In case of high signal attenuation by the fluid or pipe, diagonal arrangement with 1 sound path is used.

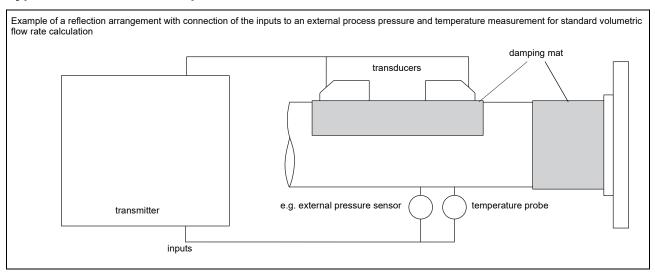
The preferred method of installation depends on the application. While increasing the number of sound paths increases the accuracy of the measurement, signal attenuation increases as well. The optimum number of sound paths for the parameters of the application will be determined automatically by the transmitter.

As the transducers can be mounted with the transducer mounting fixture in reflection arrangement or diagonal arrangement, the number of sound paths can be adjusted optimally for the application.



a - transducer distance

# Typical measurement setup



## **Transmitter**

## **Technical data**

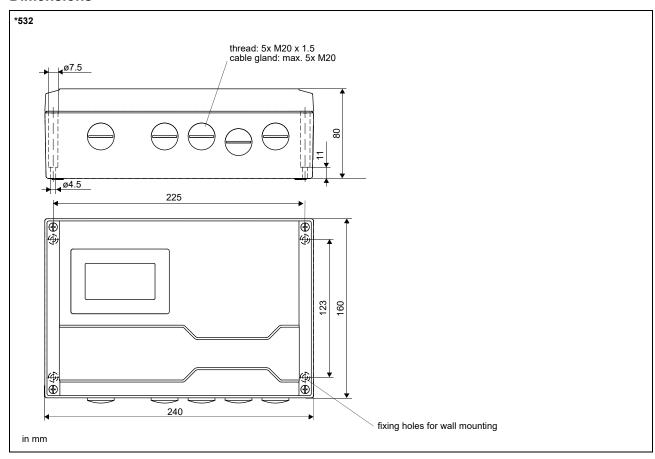
design field device with 1 measuring channel application flow measurement of compressed air, industrial, pharmaceutical and clean gases measurement measurement principle flow direction flow velocity m/s 0.0135, depending on pipe diameter repeatability fluid compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium temperature com-	
design field device with 1 measuring channel application flow measurement of compressed air, industrial, pharmaceutical and clean gases  measurement principle flow difference correlation principle principle flow direction   bidirectional flow velocity m/s   0.0135, depending on pipe diameter repeatability   0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s   fluid   compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium	
design field device with 1 measuring channel application flow measurement of compressed air, industrial, pharmaceutical and clean gases  measurement measurement principle flow direction bidirectional flow velocity m/s 0.0135, depending on pipe diameter repeatability 0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s fluid compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium	
application flow measurement of compressed air, industrial, pharmaceutical and clean gases  measurement measurement principle flow direction bidirectional flow velocity m/s 0.0135, depending on pipe diameter repeatability 0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s fluid compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium	
measurement       measurement principle     transit time difference correlation principle       flow direction     bidirectional       flow velocity     m/s     0.0135, depending on pipe diameter       repeatability     0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s       fluid     compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium	
measurement principle transit time difference correlation principle  flow direction bidirectional  flow velocity m/s 0.0135, depending on pipe diameter  repeatability 0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s  fluid compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium	
principle   bidirectional   bidirectional   bidirectional   flow velocity   m/s   0.0135, depending on pipe diameter   0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s   fluid   compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium	
flow velocity     m/s     0.0135, depending on pipe diameter       repeatability     0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s       fluid     compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium	
repeatability 0.15 % MV ±0.005 m/s fluid compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium	
fluid compressed air, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, helium	
temperature com-	
pensation	
measurement uncertainty (volumetric flow rate)	
measurement uncer- ±0.3 % MV ±0.005 m/s	
tainty of the measu- ring system <sup>1</sup>	
measurement uncer- tainty at the measu- ±12 % MV ±0.005 m/s, depending on the application	
ring point	
transmitter	
power supply • 90250 V/5060 Hz or • 1132 V DC	
power consumption  W   < 10	
number of measuring 1	
channels	
damping  s  0100 (adjustable)	
measuring cycle Hz 1001000	
response time s 1	
housing material   aluminum, powder coated   degree of protection   IP66	
dimensions   mm   see dimensional drawing	
weight kg 2.25	
fixation wall mounting, optional: 2" pipe mounting	
ambient temperature  °C  -20+60	
display 128 x 64 pixels, backlight	
menu language English, German, French, Spanish, Dutch, Russian, Polish, Turkish, Italian, Chinese	
measuring functions physical quantities   operating volumetric flow rate, standard volumetric flow rate, mass flow rate, flow velocity	
totaliser   volume, mass	
diagnostic functions   sound speed, signal amplitude, SNR, SCNR, standard deviation of amplitudes and transit times	
communication interfaces	
service interfaces measured value transmission, parametrisation of the transmission, parametrisation of the transmitter:	ation of the
• USB	
l LAN	
process interfaces - • Modbus RTU or	
BACnet MS/TP or	
• M-Bus or	
Modbus TCP or     BACnet IP	
accessories	
data transmission kit USB cable	
software  • FluxDiagReader: reading of measured values and parameters, graphical representation  • FluxDiag (optional): reading of measurement data, graphical representation, report generation, parametri	isation of the transmit-
detaile annual	
data logger       loggable values     all physical quantities and totalised physical quantities	
capacity   max. 800 000 measured values   max. 800 000 000	
outputs	
The outputs are galvanically isolated from the transmitter.	
switchable current output     configurable according to NAMUR NE43	
number   1	
range   mA   420 (3.224)   -	
accuracy 0.04 % MV ±3 μA	
active output $R_{\rm ext} < 530~\Omega$ -	
Description of the transducers   Description of the transducers	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> with aperture calibration of the transducers

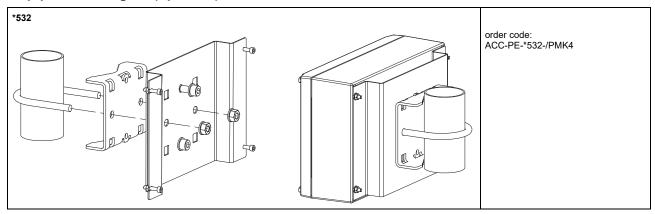
		FLUXUS G532CA (analog outputs)	FLUXUS G532CA (process interface)
digital output			
number		2	-
functions	İ	frequency output	-
		binary output	
		pulse output	
operating parame- ters		U <sub>ext</sub> = (8.2 ±0.1) V DC	-
frequency output	İ		
<ul> <li>range</li> </ul>	kHz	010	-
binary output	ĺ		
<ul> <li>binary output as alarm output</li> </ul>		limit, change of flow direction or error	-
pulse output	Ì		
<ul> <li>pulse value</li> </ul>	units	0.011000	-
<ul> <li>pulse width</li> </ul>	ms	0.051000	-
inputs			·
		The inputs are galvanically isolated from the transmitter.	
<ul> <li>temperature input</li> </ul>			
number		1	
type		Pt100/Pt1000	
connection		4-wire	
range	_	-150+560	
resolution		0.01	
accuracy		±0.01 % MV ±0.03 K	
<ul> <li>switchable curren</li> </ul>	t inpu	t	
number		1	
accuracy		±0.1 % MV ±0.01 mA	
active input		$U_{out}$ = max. 28 V, $R_{int}$ = 75 $\Omega$	
• range		024	
passive input  range		$R_{int} = 35 \Omega$ , $U_{out} = 26 V$ , $I_{max} \le 24 \text{ mA}$ 020	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> with aperture calibration of the transducers

## **Dimensions**



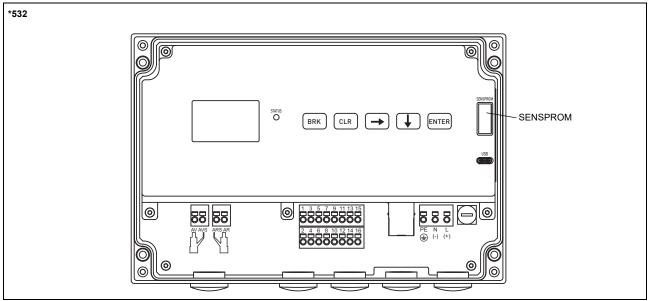
## 2" pipe mounting kit (optional)



## Storage

- · do not store outdoors
- store within the original package
- store in a dry and dust-free place
- protect against sunlight
- keep all openings closed
- storing temperature: -20...+60 °C

## **Terminal assignment**



power supply <sup>1</sup>							
terminal	connection (AC)	termina		connection (DC)			
PE	protective earth	PE		protective earth			
N	neutral	(-)		-			
L	phase	(+)		+			
transducers							
terminal	conne	ection	transduc	er			
AV	signal		1				
AVS	interna	al shield					
ARS	interna	al shield	<b>^</b>				
AR	signal						
cable gland	extern	external shield		<b>↑</b> ☆			
outputs, inputs <sup>1, 2</sup>							
terminal	conne	ection					
13+, 14-	passiv	passive current output					
13-, 14+		active current output					
9+, 10- 11+, 12-	digital	digital output					
1, 2, 3, 4	tempe	temperature input					
5+, 6-	passiv	passive current input					
5-, 6+		active current input					
temperature probe	<b>'</b>	·					
terminal	direct	connection	connection	on with extension cable			
1	red		red				
2	white		white				
3	red/bli	ue	grey				
4	white/		blue				
communication interfaces			lere-				
terminal		ection	communi	cation interface			
15			• Modbus				
16		signal + signal -		MS/TP <sup>1</sup>			
10	Signal	-	• M-Bus <sup>1</sup>	WIS/TP			
USB		ced USB 2.0 Device		luxDiag/FluxDiagReader)			
LAN	RJ45			service (FluxDiag/FluxDiagReader)     Modbus TCP     BACnet IP			

<sup>1</sup> cable (by customer): e.g. flexible wires, with insulated wire ferrules, wire cross-section: 0.25...2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}\,{\rm The}$  number, type and terminal assignment are customised.

## **Transducers**

## **Technical data**

#### Lamb wave transducers

order code		GLK-N**T1/**	GLM-N**T1/**	GLP-N**T1/**	GLQ-N**T1/**
technical type	G(RT)K1N53		G(RT)M1N53	G(RT)P1N53	G(RT)Q1N53
transducer frequency	MHz	0.5	1	2	4
fluid pressure	•	•	•		•
min. extended	bar	metal pipe: 10 (d > 120 mm) 3 (d < 120 mm)	metal pipe: 3 (d < 60 mm)	metal pipe: 3 (d < 35 mm)	metal pipe: 3 (d < 15 mm)
min.	bar	metal pipe: 15 (d > 120 mm) 10 (d < 120 mm) plastic pipe: 1	metal pipe: 10 (d > 60 mm) 5 (d < 60 mm) plastic pipe: 1	metal pipe: 10 (d > 35 mm) 5 (d < 35 mm) plastic pipe: 1	metal pipe: 10 (d > 15 mm) 5 (d < 15 mm) plastic pipe: 1
inner pipe diameter	d <sup>2</sup>	•		•	
min. extended	mm	60	30	15	7
min. recommended	mm	80	40	20	10
max. recommended	mm	300	150	50	22
max. extended	mm	360	180	60	30
pipe wall thickness		I	1	II.	ı
min.	mm	5	2.5	1.2	0.6
max.	mm	10	5	3	1.2
material	<u> </u>		1 -		I.
housing		(1.4404)	ess steel cover 304	l (1.4301), ***-****	*/OS: 316L
contact surface		PPSU	I		
degree of protection		IP67	IP65		
transducer cable		T			
type		1699			
length	m	5	4		3
length (***-****/LC)	m	9			
dimensions					
length I	mm	128.5	74		42
width b		51	32		22
height h	mm	67.5	40.5		25.5
dimensional drawing			٦		
weight (without cable)	kg	0.471	0.077		0.019
pipe surface tempe- rature	°C	-40+130			
ambient temperature	°C	-40+130			
temperature com- pensation		х		al das nitroden co	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Lamb wave transducer: typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen; pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended: in reflection arrangement (diagonal arrangement) and for a flow velocity of 15 m/s (30 m/s) inner pipe diameter max. extended: in reflection arrangement (diagonal arrangement) and for a flow velocity of 12 m/s (25 m/s)

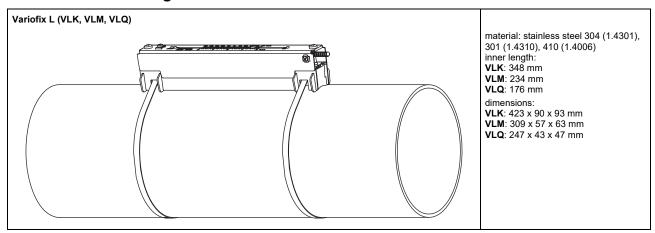
## Shear wave transducers (optional)

order code		GSK-N**T1/**	GSM-N**T1/**	GSP-N**T1/**	GSQ-N**T1/**						
technical type		G(DL)K1N53	G(DL)M2N53	G(DL)P2N53	G(DL)Q2N53						
transducer frequency	MHz	0.5 1 2		2	4						
fluid pressure	•	•	•		•						
min. extended	bar	metal pipe: 20									
min.		metal pipe: 30, pla	etal pipe: 30, plastic pipe: 1								
inner pipe diameter	d <sup>2</sup>	•									
min. extended	mm	60	30	15	7						
min. recommended	mm	80	40	20	10						
max. recommended	mm	300	150	50	22						
max. extended	mm	360	180	60	30						
pipe wall thickness	•	•	•		•						
min.	mm	5	2.5	1.2	0.6						
material				•	•						
housing			ss steel cover 304	(1.4301), ***-****	/OS: 316L						
		(1.4404)									
contact surface		PEEK									
degree of protection		IP67									
transducer cable											
type		1699									
length	m	5	4		3						
length (***-****/LC)	m	9									
dimensions											
length I		126.5	64		40						
width b		51	32		22						
height h	mm	67.5	40.5		25.5						
dimensional drawing											
weight (without cable)	kg	0.36	0.066		0.016						
pipe surface tempe- rature	°C	-40+130									
ambient temperature	°C	-40+130									
temperature com- pensation		х									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> depending on the application, typical absolute value for natural gas, nitrogen, compressed air

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> shear wave transducer: typical values for natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen; pipe diameters for other fluids on request inner pipe diameter max. recommended/max. extended: in reflection arrangement and for a flow velocity of 15 m/s

# **Transducer mounting fixture**



## **Coupling materials for transducers**

type	ambient temperature				
	°C				
coupling compound type N	-30+130				
coupling foil type VT	-10+200				

## **Damping mats**

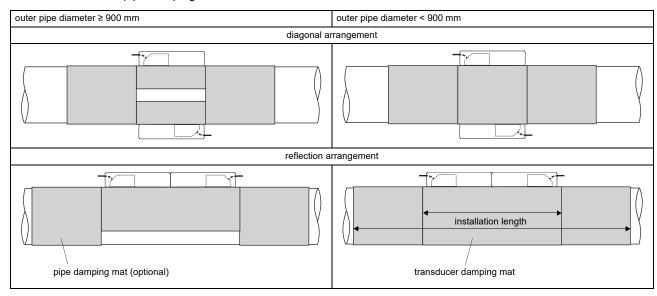
Damping mats will be used for the gas measurement to reduce acoustic noise influences on the measurement.

### transducer damping mat

Transducer damping mats will be installed below the transducers.

#### pipe damping mat

Pipe damping mats will be installed if the sound propagation is disturbed at reflection points (e.g. flange, weld). Depending on the noise, the pipe damping mats will be installed at one or both sides of the transducer damping mat. If the local conditions are unknown, pipe damping mats should be installed.



#### **Technical data**

type		E30R4	E30R3
order code		ACC-PE-GNNN-/DPD2	ACC-PE-GNNN-/DPD1
width	mm	225	50
thickness	mm	0.7	
length (per roll)	m	10	
weight	kg/ m <sup>2</sup>	1.015	
ambient temperature	°C	-30+80	
properties		self-adhesive	

### **Dimensioning**

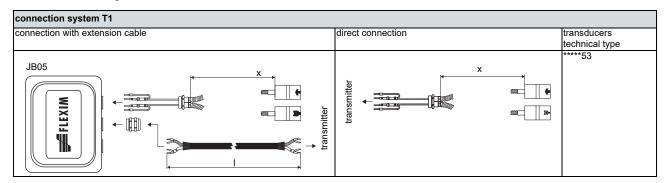
transducer		dampin	g mat							
transducer mounting fixture	order code	type	number of transducer layers					transducer damping mat + 2x pipe damping mat		
				max. installation length	number of ro	olls <sup>1</sup>	max. number of ro		olls <sup>1</sup>	
				[mm]	standard <sup>2</sup> extended <sup>2</sup>		[mm]	standard	extended	
VarioFix L	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	
VLK	GLK	E30R4	1	890	1	1	1830	2	2	
VLM	GLM	E30R3	1	660	1	1	1360	2	2	
	GLP	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	
VLQ	GLQ	E30R3	1	540	1	1	1120	1	1	

<sup>1</sup> calculation on the base of:

max. installation length (installation of one transducer mounting fixture per transducer in reflection arrangement) and max. recommended pipe diameter (standard) or max. extended pipe diameter (extended)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> calculation of the number of rolls when both transducers are mounted in one transducer mounting fixture (reflection arrangement) or in diagonal arrangement: number of rolls/2 and round up to the nearest integer

# **Connection systems**



### Cable

transducer cable							
type		1699					
weight	kg/ m	0.094					
ambient temperature	°C	-55+200					
cable jacket	cable jacket						
material		PTFE					
outer diameter	mm	2.9					
thickness	mm	0.3					
colour	ĺ	brown					
shield	ĺ	x					
sheath							
material		stainless steel 304 (1.4301) option OS: 316Ti (1.4571)					
outer diameter	mm	8					

extension cable						
type		2615				
order code		ACC-PE- GNNN-/EXEXXXX				
weight	kg/ m	0.18				
ambient temperature	°C	-30+70				
properties		halogen-free				
		fire propagation test according to IEC 60332-1				
		combustion test according to IEC 60754-2				
cable jacket		•				
material		PUR				
outer diameter	mm	12				
thickness	mm	2				
colour		black				
shield	Ì	x				

XXXX - cable length in m

### Cable length

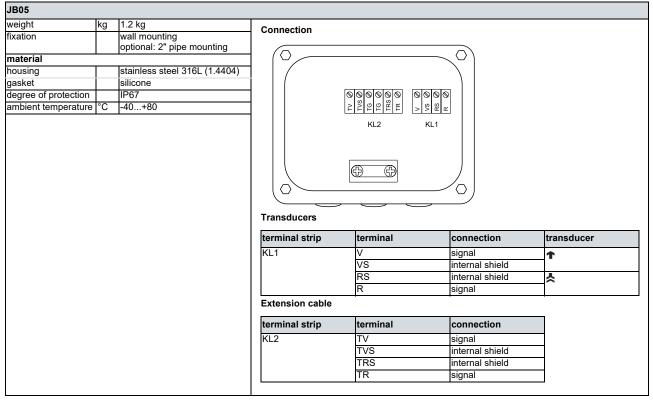
transducer frequency		К		M, P		Q	
transducers technical type		х	I	x	l	х	-
****5*	m	5	≤ 300	4	≤ 300	3	≤ 90
option LC: ****5*	m	9	≤ 300	9	≤ 300	9	≤ 90

x - transducer cable length

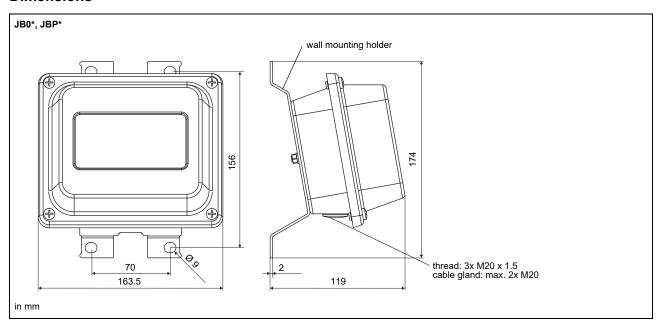
I - max. length of extension cable (depending on the application)

### **Junction box**

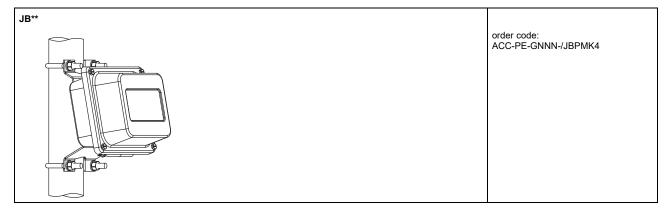
### **Technical data**



#### **Dimensions**

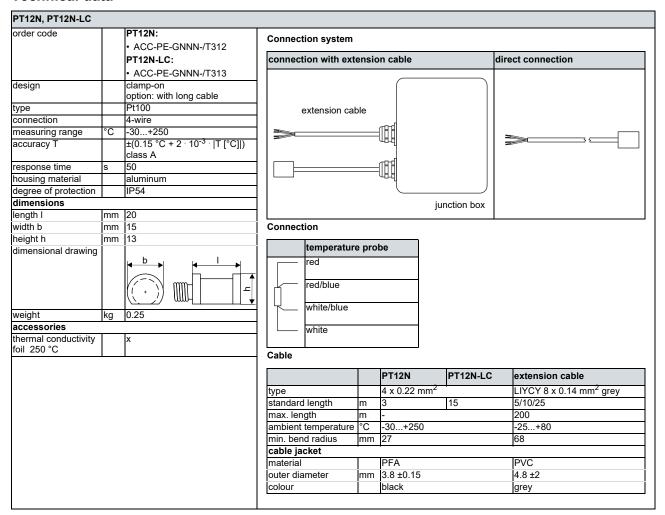


# 2" pipe mounting kit

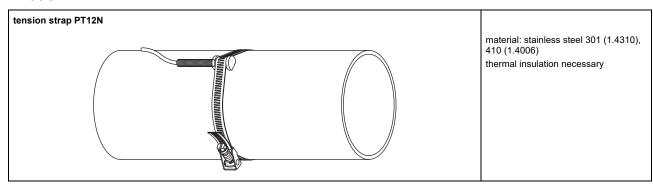


## **Temperature probes**

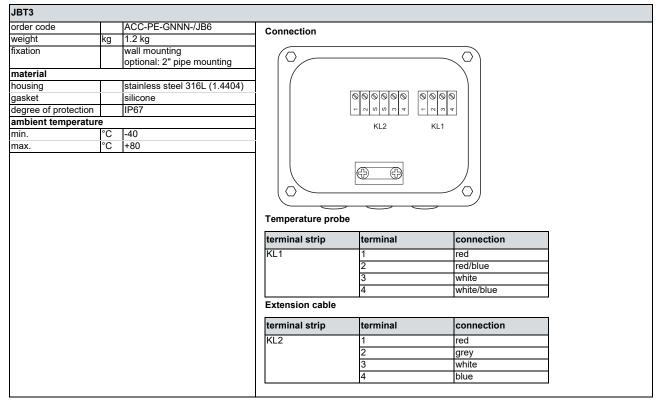
#### **Technical data**



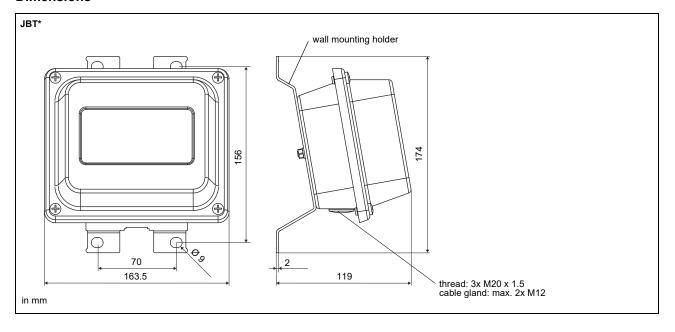
#### **Fixation**



## **Junction box**



#### **Dimensions**



## 2" pipe mounting kit



## **Pressure transmitter (optional)**

#### **Technical data**

