# VAISALA

# Vaisala Differential Pressure Transmitter PDT101

Die deutschsprachige Version kann von <u>www.vaisala.com/PDT101</u> heruntergeladen werden.

Vous pouvez télécharger la version française sur <u>www.vaisala.com/PDT101</u>.

日本語版は <u>www.vaisala.com/PDT101</u> からダウンロードできます。

您可以访问 www.vaisala.com/PDT101 下载简体中文翻译。

#### WARNING - READ BEFORE INSTALLATION

Vaisala Differential Pressure Transmitter PDT101 is a high-performance instrument designed primarily for use in life science and cleanroom applications. PDT101 is not authorized for use as a critical component in life support devices or systems. Consult Vaisala before installing if there are any questions or concerns.

**Overpressure**: Pressure spikes in excess of the rated overpressure capability of the transmitter may cause irreversible electrical and/or mechanical damage to the transmitter.

Static electrical charges: To avoid damage to the transmitter the operator/installer should follow proper ESD (electrostatic discharge) protection procedures.

## **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

#### Performance

Measurement range (bidirectional)		±60 Pa, ±125 Pa,
		$\pm 0.25$ inH <sub>2</sub> O, or $\pm 0.5$ inH <sub>2</sub> O
Overpressure	Proof pressure	1.0 bar
	Burst pressure	1.7 bar
	Static pressure	1.7 bar
Pressure type	•	Differential, gauge,
		vacuum and compound
Accuracy	(incl. non-linearity	
	repeatability and z	
· · · · · · · · ·	calibration settings	<i>i</i>
Long-term stability		≤0.5 % span/year
Response time (1090 %)		250 ms
Warm-up time		15 s
Compensated temp	erature range	+2+54 °C
Temperature depen	danca	(+35.6+129.2 °F) ±(0.065 Pa + 0.054 % of reading) / °C
Temperature depen	denee	(0.005 1 a + 0.054 % of reading) / C
	$\pm(0)$	$0.00015 \text{ inH}_2\text{O} + 0.03 \% \text{ of reading} / ^{\circ}\text{F}$
	(*	(reference 21 °C or 70 °F)
Mounting position error		$\leq 1 \%/g$ (calibration in vertical
(zero adjustable)		position is standard)
Adjustments (front		
Zero (span low)		$\pm 5$ % span
Span (span high)		$\pm 3$ % span
<b>Operating envir</b>	onment	
Operating temperat		-18+70 °C (-0.4+158 °F)
Storage temperatur	e	-40+82 °C (-40+179.6 °F)
Electromagnetic co	mpatibility	EN61326-1, Basic immunity
		test requirements
		of 3 V/m, with narrow frequency area
	1	urrent output of PDT101 can deviate
max. $0.8\%$ (with ac	curacy specified 0.49	<i>′</i> 0).

**Inputs and outputs** 

inputs and outpu	115	
Process connection		1/4" barbed fittings
Output signal	2-wire	420 mA
	3-wire	05 VDC
		(user selectable 010 VDC)
Operating voltage	2-wire output 420 mA	1236 VDC
	3-wire output 05 VDC	11.536 VDC
		or 24 VAC
	3-wire output 010 VDC	1436 VDC
	-	or 24 VAC

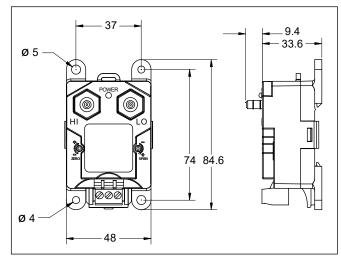
Max. loop resistance for 4...20 mA Supply current Optical process diagnostics Electrical connection

≤ (Supply voltage - 12V)/0.022 A max. 20 mA for 4...20 mA output signal LED visual indicator Euro style pluggable terminal block accepts 12...26 AWG wire (0.13 up to 3.31 mm<sup>2</sup>)

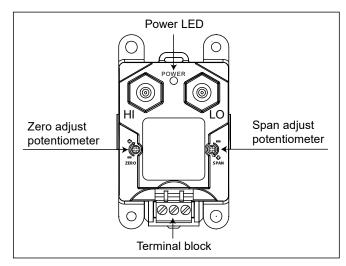
Mechanics			
Medium (measured gas)		Clean and dry air, non-conducting and	
		non-corrosive gases	
Material	Process connecti	on Brass	
	Sensor element	Silicon, aluminum, glass	
	Case	NEMA type 1 fire-retardant ABS 1	
		(meets UL94-5VA)	
Mounting		Threaded fastener for wall mounting	
		or DIN rail type EN50022	
Housing classification		IP40	
Weight		0.07 kg	

#### MOUNTING

The transmitter can be mounted on an EN550022 rail or with M4 (#8) or M5 (#10) screws using the mounting holes provided.









Transmitters are calibrated in a vertical position at the factory. Mounting in a horizontal position may cause a zero shift of as much as +/-1 % of span. To check for zero shift, see section Calibration below.

### **ELECTRICAL WIRING**

- 1. Remove the terminal block on the front of the transmitter.
- 2. Follow the terminal block label markings on the PDT101 to identify the terminals, and connect the wires.
- 3. Firmly reinstall the terminal block plug to its mating connector.

#### **Current Output Wiring (Black Terminal Block)**

The left, negative (-), and right, positive (+) terminals are used, ignore the center terminal which is not used. Connect the power supply positive lead to the PDT101 positive terminal, connect the negative power supply lead to the negative terminal of the BCS 4...20 mA input. Last, connect the (-) negative terminal on the PDT101 to the (+) positive BCS input.

Use of a shielded cable, with the shield grounded, is required. Do not connect the shield to the transmitter.

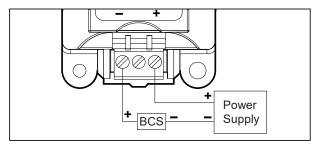


Figure 3 Current Output Wiring

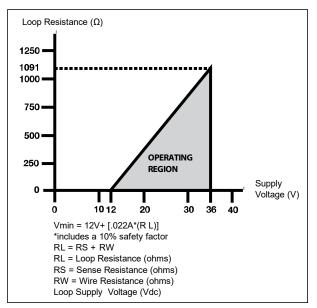
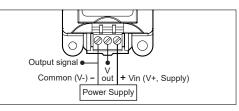


Figure 4 Load Limitations

#### Voltage Output Wiring (Green Terminal Block)

The left terminal is the common (supply and output negative), the right terminal is the Vin (supply positive). The middle terminal is the Vout (output signal).

Use of a shielded cable, with the shield grounded, is required. Do not connect the shield to the transmitter. Maximum cable length for voltage output wiring is 30 m (98.4 ft).



#### Figure 5 Voltage Output Wiring

The PDT101 voltage output model is supplied as standard with 0...5 VDC output. You can convert the unit to 0...10 VDC output by moving a jumper inside the transmitter. Access the jumper by simultaneously pushing both housing tabs away from the housing. Change jumper (orange or red) to the left as shown below, and carefully reattach the housing cover. When finished, mark the checkbox on front label indicating that the unit now provides a 0...10 VDC output.

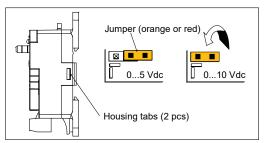


Figure 6 Voltage Output Jumper

### CALIBRATION

- 1. Pneumatically connect the transmitter's pressure ports to each other. The barbed pressure connections accept 1/4" O.D. 1/8" I.D. tubing.
- 2. Measure the analog output of the transmitter to establish the zero offset reading in the as-installed position.
- 3. If the reading is not at the middle of the output range (for example, 12 mA for 4 ... 20 mA output), the zero point of the transmitter has shifted. To remove the zero shift, adjust the transmitter as described below.

### ADJUSTMENT

**Note:** You need a high accuracy pressure standard and high quality electrical meter to adjust the PDT101.

- 1. Connect the pressure standard to the ports of the PDT101.
- 2. Bring the pressure to 0 % of the transmitter's span.
- 3. Adjust the zero potentiometer (on the front, left side of the transmitter) so that the analog output value is at the low end of its range. Use a 3/32" or 2.5 mm slotted or Phillips screwdriver to turn the potentiometer.
- 4. Now bring the pressure to 100 % of the transmitter's span.
- 5. Adjust the span potentiometer (on the front, right side of the transmitter) so that the analog output value is at the high end of its range.

### **REMOVAL FROM DIN RAIL**

- 1. Unplug the wiring terminal block from the transmitter.
- 2. Insert a small slotted screwdriver into the black plastic clip extending slightly below the transmitter case.
- 3. Raise the screwdriver handle up thereby forcing the spring clip down.

### WARRANTY

For warranty information, visit our Internet pages at: <a href="http://www.vaisala.com/warranty">www.vaisala.com/warranty</a>.

#### DISPOSAL

Dispose of the unit according to local regulations. Do not dispose of with regular household waste. Recycle all applicable material.